# ĆWICZENIA UTRWALAJĄCE

## ZAGADNIENIA GRAMATYCZNE

### DLA

# UCZNIÓW SZKOŁY PODSTAWOWEJ

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#### 1 Wstaw am, is lub are.

Julia ...... my friend.
 You ...... a teacher.
 They ...... twins.
 I ...... hungry!
 This ...... nice!
 He ...... a good boy.
 We ...... friends.

#### 2 Uzupełnij formami skróconymi.

 1
 hungry. (He)

 2
 boring. (It / not)

 3
 my friend. (You)

 4
 a pupil. (I / not)

 5
 at school. (We)

 6
 children. (They)

 7
 11 years old. (She / not)

#### 3 Napisz Am, Is lub Are.

1 he English?
2 you from Greece?
3 we happy?
4 I hungry?
5 it a machine?
6 she your friend?
7 they on a school trip?

#### 4 Utwórz pytania.

1 He is from England	?
2 He is my friend	?
3 You are from Greece	
4 I am 12	?
5 Bob and Susan are twins.	?

#### 5 Ułóż wyrazy w odpowiedniej kolejności.

1 a book / is / it
2 not / I / hungry / am
3 10 / am / I
4 Sue / my / name's
5 twins / they / aren't
6 a girl / she / is?
7 we / not / teachers / are
8 isn't / happy / she

#### 6 Popraw błędy.

1 They not at school
2 She isn't not my friend.
3 Your Greek.
4 Its a dog!
5 We isn't hungry

6 He a teacher?	. ?
7 They're are boys	

#### Czasownik "HAVE GOT"

#### 1 Zakreśl poprawny wyraz.

1 I has / have got blue eyes. 2 What have / has you got there? 3Have / Has John got my CD? 4 They has / have got long hair. 5 The robot has / have got wheels. 6 Ben hasn't / haven't got any money.

### 2 Napisz pytania i krótkie odpowiedzi.

1 the twins / brown hair	? Yes,
2 we / any cheese	? No,
3 Peter / a pen	
4 your computer / a DVD player	

#### 3 Zakreśl poprawną odpowiedź.

1 Mary got my bike? a) Has	b) Have	c) Does	d) Can
2 A cata tail. a) have got c) has	sn't got b) hav	/en't got	d)
has got			
3 'Have we got all the books?' 'Yes,	'a) we do	b) we have	c) we've
4 Steve and Jane are happy because	. lots of mone	у.	
a) they are got c) have they got 5 got brothers or sisters.a) I don't	b) they have c) I've haver	• /	ve got they on't have

d) l ha	aven't			
6 'Have I got	a red nose ?' 'No, .	,	a) haven't got	c) you
haven't	b) haven't you	d) you haven't got		

#### Konstrukcja THERE IS/THERE ARE

#### 1 Wpisz is lub are.

- 1 There ..... a book.
- 2 There ..... two chairs.
- 3 There .....n't two doors.
- 4 ..... there a boy in the room?
- 5 ' ..... there four windows?' 'No, there aren't.'

#### 2 Utwórz przeczenia.

1 There ...... a cinema in my town.

2 There ..... three boys. There are four.

3 There ...... a hospital here.4 There ...... a TV in my room.5 There ...... five elephants in the zoo. There are three.

#### 3 Zakreśl poprawny wyraz.

There is / are two museums.
 There isn't / aren't a park here.
 There is / are a palace in the city.
 'Is / Are there a swimming pool?' 'Yes, there is / are.'

#### 4 Utwórz pytania.

1 there / a zoo / in your town / is	2	
		~
2 two boys / there / are / in your class		?
3 a clock / is / in this room / there	. ?	
4 monkeys / there / in the forest / are	?	2
5 there/a cinema/ is / your city /in		?

#### 5 Napisz krótkie odpowiedzi.

1 Is there a pen on your desk?
2 Are there two books in your bag?
3 Is there a teacher in the room?
4 Are there two schools in your street?
5 Is there a clock in your class?
,

#### 6 Popraw błędy.

1 There is red buses in London.
2 There aren't a swimming pool in my town
3 There isn't not a test today.
4 There are a lion in the zoo
5 Are there a television in your room?
6 Is there two chairs?

#### Czasownik CAN

#### 1 Wpisz can lub can't.

- 1 Fish ..... swim.
- 2 Cats ..... climb trees.
- 3 My dad ..... drive a bus.
- 4 Spiderman ..... fly.
- 5 I.....speak English.

#### 2 Zakreśl poprawny wyraz.

- 1 I can swim / swimming.
- 2 Harry can't to go / go out tonight.
- 3 We can't sing and / or dance.
- 4 Can you to help / help me?
- 5 Kate cann't/can't play the guitar.

#### 3 Ułórz wyrazy w poprawnej kolejności.

1 speak / German / can / I....

2 this / Peter / understand / cannot		
3 we / to the party / go / can	?	
4 you / can't / see / I		

#### 5 Ułóż pytania o pozwolenie za pomocą Can.

1	to have a sandwich?
2	to go to the cinema?
3	to go to the park with a friend?
4	a friend to tell you the answer?

#### 6 Napisz krótkie odpowiedzi.

1	Can you ride a horse?
2	Can your dad jump three metres?
	Can your mum drive a car?
4	Can you play the piano?
5	Can your brother speak English?

#### Czas PRESENT SIMPLE

#### 1 Zakreśl poprawną odpowiedź.

- 1 I like / likes English! 2 Dan play / plays football. 3 The boys live / lives in Athens. 4 The dog eat / eats a lot. 5 Tom trys / tries hard. 6 Jen washes / washs her hair. 7 Sam dos / does English with me. 8 Mum go / goes to work by bus. 2 Utwórz przeczenia za pomocą don't lub doesn't. 1 The boys ..... like French.
- 2 I ..... walk to school. 3 My cat ..... eat fish! 4 Jim ..... live here. 5 The television ..... work.
- 6 My friend ..... eat pizza and I ..... eat hamburgers.

### **3 Ułórz wyrazy w odpowiedniej kolejności.** 1 usually / do / I / in the mornings / my homewo

1 usually / do / I / in the mornings / my homework
2 never / we / on holiday / go / in the winter
3 win / doesn't / that football team / often
4 sometimes / my parents / me / money / give
5 always / play football / you / at weekends / do
?

#### 4 Napisz pytania i krótkie odpowiedzi.

1 she / live / with her sister	? No,
2 you / enjoy / English lessons	
3 they / usually / eat meat	
4 you / know / the answer	

### 5 Przepisz zdania umieszczając przysłówek częstotliwości w odpowiednim miejscu.

- 1. He listens to the radio. (often)
- 2. They read a book. *(sometimes)*\_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Pete gets angry. (never)
- 4. Tom is very friendly. (usually)
- 5. I take sugar in my coffee. (sometimes)

#### Czas PRESENT CONTINUOUS

#### 1 Dodaj końcówkę –ing do czawników.

1	write	
2	say	
3	sit	
4	look	
5	drive	
6	hold	
7	do	
8	win	

#### 2 Wpisz am, is lub are.

Your friends ...... waiting.
 Fantastic! We ..... winning!
 I ..... watching TV.
 David ..... playing chess.
 The boys ..... wearing jeans.
 The teacher ..... talking.
 My brother ..... playing football but I .... reading.

#### 3 Uzupełnij tekst w czasie Present Continuous.

#### 4 Utwórz przeczenia za pomocą isn't lub aren't.

- 1 My friends ..... listening to music.
- 2 He ..... having a nice time.
- 3 We ..... making a cake.
- 4 My sister ..... eating.
- 5 Bob.....doing his homework.

#### 5 Napisz pytania i krótkie odpowiedzi.

1 the students / play	? Yes,
2 you and your friends / run	
3 you / sleep	
4 the dog / swim	
5 my father/read the newspaper	

#### Czasy PRESENT SIMPLE/PRESENT CONTINUOUS

#### 1 Zakreśl wlaściwy czasownik.

1 I buy/ am buying a magazine every month.

2 I can't talk now because I do / am doing my homework.

3 Where do you go / are you going to school?

4 Most days, my dad reads / is reading the newspaper.

5 What's funny? Why do you laugh / are you laughing?

6 I usually sleep / am sleeping at home but today I sleep / am sleeping at my friend's house.

### 2 Uzupełnij tekst czasownikami w czasie present continuous lub present simple.

Hi John,How are you? I'm in my room and I (1) ..... (write) this on my new computer. It's great! I (2) ..... (use) it every day. All this week, we (3) ..... (have) tests at school and these days, I (4) ..... (use) the computer to learn more things about my lessons. The best thing is that it plays DVDsand I sometimes (5) ..... (watch) films on it. Of course, it also (6) ..... (play) CDs. At the moment, I (7) 28..... (listen) to a CD by a group called *My Chemical Romance*. (8) ..... (you / know) them? Write soon,Bill

#### 3 Popraw błędy.

1	I'm not liking tests
	Bill is playing music every day
	Are you playing football often?
4	We aren't often going on holiday
5	Are you look at the board?

#### Czasownik 'TO BE' w czasie PAST SIMPLE

#### 1 Uzupełnij was lub were.

- 1 My dad ..... good at football.
- 2 The girls ..... happy.
- 3 Our test ..... very difficult.
- 4 He ..... strong and clever.
- 5 How many people ..... there?
- 6 Her hair ..... not long.

#### 2 Uzupełnij tekst. Użyj. was (x3) were (x2) wasn't weren't

I had a fantastic time yesterday. It (1) ..... a really good day. We (2) ..... at school because it (3) ..... Sunday. My mum and dad (4) ..... out, and my sister (5) ..... in the house. My best friend and I (6) ..... at home alone and we played all day. It (7) ..... great!

#### 3 Ułóż wyrazy w odpowiedniej kolejności.

1 test / that / easy / was	
2 Rob / at home / today / wasn't	
3 you / at school / were / today?	
4 here / wasn't / Ann / on Monday	
5 weren't / we / at sport / good	
6 tall / wasn't / when I was young / I	

#### 4 Napisz pytania i krótkie odpowiedzi.

1 the weather / nice / yesterday?	
2 Alexander / strong and clever?	
3 Zorro and Popeye / heroes? 4 you / at school / last Wednesday?	

#### Czas PAST SIMPLE czasowniki regularne i nieregularne

#### 1 Napisz formę Past Simple podanych czasowników.

laugh	finish	want	like	walk	wave
clap p	olay ta	lk cl	nange		

#### 2 Zakreśl poprawna formę czasownika.

He pointed / pointed at me.
 We stopped / stoped for lunch.
 Bill looked / lookked at the book.
 They visitted / visited their aunt.
 Mary cried / cryed at the film.
 I studied / studyed for the test.
 Mum shouted / shoutted at him.
 We all loved / lovved the story.

#### 3 Napisz przeczenia.

1 I looked at my homework.
2 I phoned you last night
3 They wanted to eat
4 The boys liked the film.
5 You worked hard
6 It rained on Monday
7 I believed the story

#### 4 Napisz pytania i krótkie odpowiedzi.

1 he / take / the money?	Yes,
2 you / cycle / to school?	No,
	Ýes,
	No,
	Yes,

#### 5 Dopasuj formę teraźniejszą czasowników do formy przeszłej.

a taught
b woke
c ran
d saw
e went
f told
g wore
h rang
i said
j got

#### 6 Zaznacz poprawne zdania. Błędne popraw.

#### Zaimki i formy dzierżawcze

#### 1 Uzupełnij brakujące zaimki.

1	me	my
You		your
	him	his
She		her
lt		it
we	us	our
they		theirs

#### 2 Zakreśl właściwy zaimek.

1 Please help I / me / mine with the exercise.

2Whose / Who's bag is this? 3 This is Bill's / Bills'/ Bills's bag.

4 Can you come with we / our / us?

5 It's my parent's / parents' room.

6 Where are my CDs? I can't find they / them / theirs!

#### 3 Napisz zainki osobowe.

1 Jeff is my brother.2 Mary is a very tall girl.3 My brother and I like it!4 The test is difficult.5 The boys play football.

#### 4 Uzupełnij przymiotnikiem dzierżawczym.

Maria's clothes are nice. I like ...... clothes.
 The dog isn't eating. ..... food is here.
 The boys want to play. They've got ..... football with them.
 We need to correct all ..... mistakes.
 Good children are always nice to ..... parents.
 No, that's my bag, not yours! ..... bag is over there.

#### 5 Ułóż w odpowiedniej kolejności.

1 is / my / bag / this
2 their / she / mum / is
3 books / are / those / mine
4 them / like / don't / I
5 to be quiet / us / tells / our teacher

#### 6 Wpisz apostrof (').

She is my mothers sister.
 That is Gregorys book.
 Here is the childrens room.
 I know all my teachers names.
 That boys name is Ryan.

#### 7 Napisz odpowiedzi na pytania korzystając z podpowiedzi w nawiasach.

eg Whose bag is this? (me) It's mine.

1 Whose sister is she? (my mum)	
2 Whose books are they? (you)	
3 Whose car is it? (Tommy)	
4 Whose toy is this? (Maria)	

#### Czasowniki MUST/MUST'T/HAVE TO

#### 1 Zakreśl właściwy czasownik.

1 They must to go / must go now.

- 2 You must not / have not shout.
- 3 Jo mustn't / must to not do that.

4 We have to / must to get a goal.

#### 2 Uzupełnij zasady używając must lub mustn't.

#### SCHOOL RULES

You listen to music.
You talk in the lesson.
You eat in the classroom.
You use your mobile phone.
You do all your homework
You remember your books.
You ride your bike in the school.
You have long hair (boys).
You wear make-up (girls).
You listen to the teacher.
You run in the school.

#### 3 Co powiesz komuś kto....

1 writing on the desk?'You mustn't	
'2 walking in the road?'You mustn't	
'3 eating with dirty hands?'You must	,
4 throwing a mobile phone?'You mustn't	,
5 playing tennis with a broken arm? 'You must	
6 swimming in a dirty river?'You mustn't	,

#### 4 Uzupełnij tekst słowami must / mustn't oraz podanymi czasownikami.

hit (x2) have go be try

Freddy: Harry, can you teach me how to play tennis?
Harry:It's easy, but if you want to play tennis, you (1) ..... fit! And you (2) ...... two or four players.
Freddy: How do you start?
Harry:First, you (3) ..... the ball over the net to the other side, but the ball (4) ..... outside the white lines.
Freddy: Can the ball hit the ground?
Harry:Yes, but you (5) ..... it before it hits the ground a second time.
Freddy: How do you win?
Harry:Well, you (6) ..... to hit the ball where the other player can't hit it back.
Freddy: Sounds fun. Do you want a game?

#### Konstrukcja BE GOING TO

#### 1 Wpisz *am,is* lub *are*.

Nigel ...... going to win.
 You ...... going to lose.
 They ...... going to eat.
 It ..... not going to rain.
 The dog ...... going to bite you!
 ..... we going to play football?
 Where ...... she going to go?

8 I ..... going to learn the guitar.

#### 2 Napisz zdania używając form skróconych czasowników.

1 I am going to buy a car
2 It is not going to snow
3 We are not going to have a test
4 You are going to fall!
5 She is not going to have a party
6 'We are going to fail the test!' 'No, we are

#### 3 Uzupełnij tekst odpowiednią formą going to i podanymi czasownikami.

buy (not) cook have invite (not) listen make watch

Tom and Crissy (1)	a party. They (2)	all their friends.
Tom (3) bal	loons. Crissy (4)	hamburgers, she (5)
lots of salac	s. Tom and Crissy's pare	nts (6) to the
music! They (7)	a DVD.	

#### Czas Future Simple (WILL/WON'T)

#### 1 Wpisz *will* w odpowiednie miejsce.

- 1 In 50 years, people travel to work by helicopter.
- 2 You help me with this exercise?
- 3 Children not go to school in the future.
- 4 One day, I be rich.
- 5 We ever live on the Moon?
- 6 I send you a postcard!

#### 2 Ułóż wyrazy w odpowiedniej kolejności.

1 carry / I'll / books / your	
2 won't / Margaret / this test / pass	
3 we / new computers / have / will	?
4 you / will / me / help / please	?
5 'the boys / win / will'	.? 'won't / they /
no'	-

#### 3 Napisz krótkie odpowiedzi.

1 Will your favourite team win its next match?	
2 Will we have robots to do our homework?	
3 Will you leave school at 16?	
4 Will you pass your next test?	
5 Will the weather be nice tomorrow?	
6 Will someone give you lots of money soon?	

not!'

#### Liczba mnoga rzeczowników. This/that/these/those

#### 1 Write the plurals.

1 door 2 bus 3 church 4 party 5 shoe

6 life

7 man

8 toy

#### 2 Uzupełnij zdania podanymi rzeczownikami w liczbie mnogiej.

piano leaf tooth city foot sandwich

Look at the big ..... on that tree!
 Her ..... are white!
 I love cheese ......
 His ..... are very big! Look at his shoes!
 Athens and London are .......
 There are two ..... in our school.

#### 3 Zakreśl poprawną odpowiedź.

I love apple's / apples.
 These houses / housses are big.
 Look! Two monkies / monkeys!
 These is / are my glasses.
 That / Those are pencils.
 These trees / tree are very tall.

#### 4 Przepisz zdania zamieniając na liczbę mnogą.

1 This is a book.	•••
2 That is my friend.	
3 This is a child.	
4 That's an apple.	
5 This is a bus.	
6 That's a good idea!	

#### 5 Ułóż w odpowiedniej kolejności.

1 a / cupboard / is / that?
2 trees / at / look / those
3 pens / are / these / your?
4 books / my / those / are
5 my / that / brother / is

#### 6 Popraw błędy.

1	Those childs are my friends
2	These churchs are old
3	These boy is James

4 That women are twins.	
5 I love partys!	
6 Two persons are in the room.	

Rzeczowniki policzalne i niepoliczalne

#### 1 Zaznacz rzeczowniki policzalne (C) a niepoliczalne (U).

1 fruit \_\_\_\_ 2 coconut \_\_\_\_ 3 bread \_\_\_\_ 4 DVD \_\_\_\_ 5 meat \_\_\_\_ 6 insect \_\_\_\_ 7 snack \_\_\_\_

#### 2 Zakreśl właściwe słowo.

- 1 I am a / an boy.
- 2 He is a / an actor.
- 3 Look! A / Some trees!
- 4 She is some / an old woman.
- 5 It is a / an big elephant.
- 6 l've got some / an idea.
- 7 You are a / some good girl.
- 8 He is a / an good actor.

#### 3. Uzupełnij zdania używając A/AN/SOME lub ANY.

- I want \_\_\_\_\_ juice.
   There's \_\_\_\_\_ meat in the dish.
- 3. Has she got \_\_\_\_ map?4. Have you got \_\_\_\_ money?
- 5. He needs \_\_\_\_\_ snack.
- 6. It's \_\_\_\_\_ Italian pizza.

#### 4 Zakreśl właściwe słowo.

- 1. We've got much / a lot of rice.
- 2. There aren't much / many people here.
- 3. My sister eats a lot of / many sweets.
- 4. There aren't much / many vegetarians in my school.
- 5. There aren't a lot of / much vegetables.
- 6. I don't drink much / many juice.

Stopniowanie przymiotników

1 Napisz stopień wyższy i najwyższy przymiotników.

old	
ot	
nall	
g	
teresting	
ungry	
ad	
се	

#### 2 Ułóż zdania używając przymiotników w stopniu wyższym.

1 Geography / hard / English
2 MP3s / new / CDs
3 My sister / intelligent / her friends
4 This bag / expensive / that bag
5 Her test results / bad / mine
6 John's homework / good / yours

#### 3 Uzupełnij zdania stopniem wyższym lub najwyższym przymiotników.

1 Greece is	. England. (warm)
2 English lessons are	Italian lessons. (interesting)
3 Which was	dinosaur of all? (big)
4 Your cat is	my cat. (fat)
5 The food at Jim's Restaurant is .	the food here. (tasty)
6 I think History is	subject at our school. (difficult)
7 Life is	for us now than it was. (easy)
8 These shoes are	than my old shoes. (comfortable)
9 What do you think is	subject at school? (useful)
10 I'm good at English but I'm not	(good) in my class –
Stefanos is	than me. (good)

#### 4 Popraw błędy.

2 Who is the better student in the class?	
3 My dad is older that your dad	
4 She's beautifuller than her sister	
5 She's oldest girl in the class	
6 TV is more good than radio	

#### Tryb rozkazujący

1 Zakreśl właściwą odpowiedź.
10pen/ Don't open the window – it's very cold outside!
2 That's mine! Give / Don't give it to me! 3Shout / Don't shout in the lesson! 4Open / Don't open your books and look at page 5Be / Don't be quiet – I'm trying to work. 6 If there's a fire, use / don't use the lift.

7Put / Don't put your hand up if you know the answer.8 Look / Don't look at the answers yet.9 Sit / Don't sit down – and talk / don't talk!

#### 2 Uzupełnij dialog podanymi czasownikami.

#### tell answer come speak sit open do

#### Przyimki miejsca

#### 1 Zakreśl właściwy wyraz.

1 My house is under / between the school and the shops.

2 The board is on / in the wall near / in the door.

3 Let's sit between / under this tree.

4 The car is in front of / in the house.

5 Do you want to sit under / next to me?

#### 2 Uzupełnij tekst podanymi przyimkami.

#### behind in (x2) near next under

My house is a small cottage (1) ...... the town. There's a garage (2) ..... to the house. We keep our car and caravan (3) ..... there. (4) ..... the house, there is a big garden. The kitchen is(5) ..... my bedroom, so I can hear my brother when he looks (6) ..... the fridge for something to eat!

#### 3 Popraw błędy.

1	There's a tree in front the house
2	The cat is behind from the garage
	She sits between of John and Nancy
	There's a shop next of the school.
5	He lives on a nice house
6	Near of my house there is a park
7	Your book is on to the table
	The ball is under to the car

#### Daty i liczebniki porządkowe

#### 1 Zakreśl właściwy wyraz.

1 The party is on one / the first of May

- 2 Tomorrow is the twentyeth / twentieth of September.
- 3 His birthday is on the twenty-third / twenty-three of March.
- 4 My favourite month is Febuary / February.
- 5 He came two / second in the competition.

6 My friend was the one / first person to answer.

- 7 There were seventeen / seventeenth people in the room.
- 8 What's the date today? Is it the twelveth / twelfth?

9 She came here in October / Octomber.

10 Christmas Day is on the twenty-fifth / twenty-fifth of December.

#### 2 Uzupełnij luki jednym wyrazem.

1 Today is ..... fifth ..... June.

2 Bill came first, Susan came ....., and I came third.

- 3 My sister is 16. Her ..... birthday was last week.
- 5 The little boy was born in two thousand ...... four.
- 6 His birthday is ..... November the eighteenth
- 7 We write 1999 like this nineteen .....-nine.
- 8 We don't have school on January ..... first.

#### 3 Napisz liczebniki porządkowe słownie.

Number	Ordinal number	In words	Number	Ordinal number	In words
1	1 <sup>st</sup>		6	6 <sup>th</sup>	
2	2 <sup>nd</sup>		7	7 <sup>th</sup>	
3	3 <sup>rd</sup>		8	8 <sup>th</sup>	
4	4 <sup>th</sup>		9	9 <sup>th</sup>	
5	5 <sup>th</sup>		10	10 <sup>th</sup>	

#### 4. Napisz daty słownie.

JULY						AUGUST							
М	Т	W	Т	F	S	S	М	Т	W	Т	F	S	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7				1	2	3	4
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
29	30	31					26	27	28	29	30	31	

- 1 1st July is a Monday.....
- 2 Mum's birthday is on 13th July.....
- 3 Our holiday starts on 22nd July.....
- 4 We come home on 12th August.....

5 15th August is a holiday.....

6 31st August is a Saturday.....