



# MULTITEST Z J. ANGIELSKIEGO /ROK 2019/ SZKOŁA PODSTAWOWA KLASA 7

# A7

PAMIĘTAJ!!! Ostateczne rozwiązania zaznacz na karcie odpowiedzi.

## I. Grammar part

1. We ..... to the theatre tonight.

- A) go                       B) are going                       C) will go                       D) are going to go

2. Now I ..... that you are a really honest guy.

- A) am thinking                       B) used to think                       C) think                       D) was thinking

3. It started to rain heavily ..... he was walking towards the train station.

- A) while                       B) as                       C) during                       D) when

4. My parents ..... TV at midnight yesterday.

- A) watched                       B) were watching  
 C) have watched                       D) used to watch.

5. My aunt and uncle will buy a new car as soon as they ..... enough money.

- A) have earned                       B) earn                       C) will earn                       D) earned

6. I can't hear what you are saying. Could you ..... the music?

- A) turn down                       B) turn up                       C) switch off                       D) turn off

7. I can't see ..... in the cave.

- A) nobody                       B) somebody                       C) anyone                       D) anything

8. .... I help you do the shopping, Mum?

- A) Shall                       B) Would                       C) Can                       D) Have

9. If it rains this evening,

- A) don't go for a walk.                       B) we can play chess in the living room.  
 C) we will stay at home.                       D) we do our homework.

10. Sophie ..... to nursery school when she was a small girl.

- A) has gone                       B) was going                       C) used to go                       D) went

11. Max (1) ..... his leg while he (2) ..... in the mountains.

- A) (1) broke; (2) was skiing                       B) (1) was breaking; (2) was skiing  
 C) (1) broke; (2) skied                       D) (1) was breaking; (2) skied

## II. Vocabulary and communication

12. Amanda usually plays the guitar in her free time. It's her favourite

- A) keenness.                       B) hobby.                       C) bargain.                       D) pastime.

13. Kids need ..... to play ice hockey.

- A) skis                       B) a puck                       C) skates                       D) bats

14. A: Can I speak to Tom, please?

B: I'm afraid he isn't at home at the moment. Could you ..... him a bit later?

- A) call                       B) clink                       C) phone                       D) ring

15. It's a ..... of time trying to convince Mr Adams. He'll never agree.

- A) shame                       B) waste                       C) pity                       D) loss

16. You should make ..... wisely before you buy a new expensive device.

- A) your best                       B) up your mind                       C) a decision                       D) the shopping

17. My brother is a really ..... boy. He isn't afraid of anything.

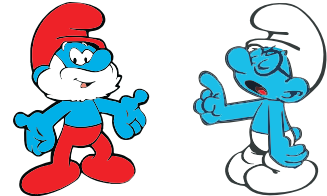
- A) brave                       B) mean                       C) courageous                       D) cowardly

18. Mary ..... her ankle while she was playing volleyball.

- A) hurt                       B) twisted                       C) sprained                       D) got over

19. Toddlers like watching ..... on TV.

- A) cartoons                       B) historical dramas  
 C) horror films                       D) animated films



20. A: Thank you very much for the CD.

- B: .....
- A) You're welcome.                       B) It's OK. Don't mention it.  
 C) It's out of the question.                       D) Not at all.

### III. Reading comprehension

#### The History of Drones

Drones are flying machines with no people or pilots in them. They are controlled by someone on the ground. Drones have existed for over one hundred years. The earliest ones were from 1917. These were practice targets for military training. Each could only be used once.

About 20 years later, reusable drones were developed. Hundreds were made for target practice. Drones were used in World War II to deliver information and set off bombs. Drones became advanced during the Vietnam War. They could sense movement on the battlefield.

A revolution began in the 1970s. Drones got smaller. Israel developed the Scout. It was used in the military, and its cameras sent data. In the 1990s, people started using drones differently. The Firebird had GPS and could see forest fires.

By 2015, anyone could buy drones. Millions were sold. Drones today bring things to people, do search and rescue, and help in other emergency situations. Soon drones might deliver our dinners.

*(S. Ludwig, A. Patterson, K. Ripatti 'Reading Future' Compass Publishing)*

21. The text is about

- A) ways to sense movement.                       B) World War II.  
 C) how drones developed.                       D) how drones won World War I.

22. Drones were used in the Second World War to

- A) detect movement on the battlefield.                       B) deliver information.  
 C) put out fire forests.                       D) set off bombs.

23. Drones were first made

- A) over 100 years ago.                       B) in the 1970s.  
 C) four years ago.                       D) in 1917.

24. Today, drones are used to

- A) help in emergency situation.                       B) look for someone lost.  
 C) deliver our meals.                       D) monitor forest fires.

25. Drones are flying machines

- A) with no passengers in them.                       B) with experienced pilots in them.  
 C) without pilots.                       D) controlled by somebody from the ground.

26. Choose the true sentences.

- A) Most drones today are used only once.                       B) Drones have been used for military training.  
 C) Drones can be used to deliver things.                       D) Millions of drones have been sold.